

## In-situ data management framework of the GEOSS/Asian Water Cycle Initiative (AWCI) demonstration basin

Katsunori Tamagawa; Toshio Koike; Eiji Ikoma; Hiroko Kinutani; Tetsu Ohta; Misa Oyanagi; Masaru Kitsuregawa The University of Tokyo

"To promote integrated water resources management by making usable information from GEOSS, for addressing the common water-related problems in Asia." http://monsoon.t.u-tokyo.ac.jp/AWCI/

## GEOSS

DIAS

AWCI

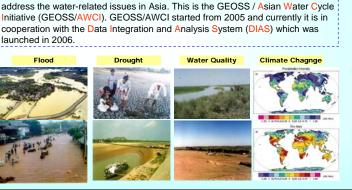
Under the framework of Global Earth Observation System of Systems (GEOSS),

representatives of hydrological and meteorological organizations and science

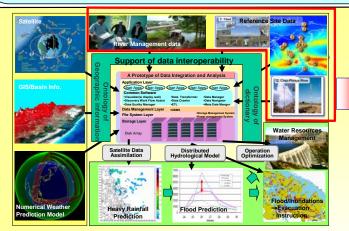
communities in Asia gathered together, and began to discuss about how to

Global Earth Observation System of Systems (GEOSS) archives coordinated, comprehensive, and sustained earth observation dataset. By integrating these dataset, decision making and action will be done at social benefit area. "Improving water resource management through better understanding of the water cycle" is one of the target of nine socio-benefit areas.

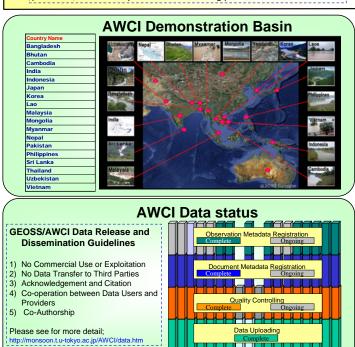




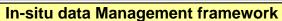


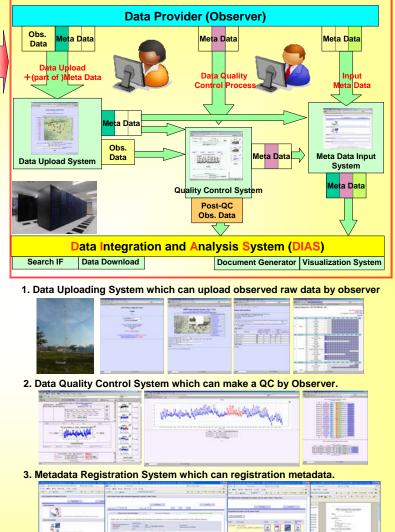


GEOSS/Asian Water Cycle Initiative (AWCI) has a database by using various data including earth observation satellite data, ground-based observation data and numerical weather prediction model outputs. This system is capable of providing information useful for decision making associated with integrated water resource management tasks such as heavy rain prediction, stream flow prediction and flooding prediction.



As of 2011/10/10





The unified format and quality controlled data are created through these systems and open for the science communities through the DIAS Web site; http://www.editoria.u-tokyo.ac.jp/dias/link/portal/english\_index.html